## TICKETS OF THE MIDLAND RAILWAY JOINT LINES

## By David G Geldard

This forms part of the David G Geldard Collection of British Pre-grouping Railway Tickets. It covers the three principal joint railways in which the Midland held an interest – the Cheshire Lines Committee, Midland & Great Northern Railways Joint Committee and the Somerset & Dorset Railway Joint Committee, together with all other lines partly in Midland ownership. It is presented as a series of PDFs (compiled from 300 dpi jpg scans) of pages from the albums in which the collection is housed. The PDFs are as follows:

Volume 1 – C.L.C. constituent companies; C.L.C.: ordinary singles and returns.

- Volume 2 C.L.C.: all other tickets.
- Volume 3 M.& G.N.J.R.C. and constituent companies; Norfolk & Suffolk Joint Committee.
- Volume 4 S.& D.J.R.C. and constituent companies.
- Volume 5 Great Western and Midland Railways Joint Lines.
- Volume 6 Other jointly owned lines A P.
- **Volume 7** Other jointly owned lines Q Z.

## VOLUME 1

## C.L.C. CONSTITUENT COMPANIES C.L.C.: ORDINARY SINGLES AND RETURNS



David G Geldard

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# TICKETS OF THE MIDLAND RAILWAY JOINT LINES

## VOLUME 1

## **C.L.C. CONSTITUENT COMPANIES**

Cheshire Midland Railway Stockport & Woodley Junction Railway Joint Railways Titles

C.L.C.

**Ordinary Singles and Returns** 

## THE DAVID G GELDARD COLLECTION of BRITISH PRE-GROUPING RAILWAY TICKETS

The collection was started in 1956 and over the years has developed into a specialised collection restricted to tickets of the British pre-grouping railway companies. For the purposes of the collection the term "pre-grouping" is defined as:

- (a) any company that is listed as a Constituent Company or Subsidiary Company in the First Schedule to The Railways Act 1921 [11 & 12 Geo. 5, ch. 55];
- (b) any company that was a constituent of a company under (a) above;
- (c) any railway owned jointly by one or more of the companies under (a) and/or (b) above;
- (d) any railway owned jointly by a main line company under (a) above and a company that became part of the London Passenger Transport Board on 12 April 1933 but only insofar as tickets provided by the main line company are concerned.

In some isolated instances a company under (a) above supplied another company falling outside the definition with through tickets onto its own system or onto lines that it worked. These are included in the collection.

The collection is a 'types' collection, assembled to enable the student to gain an understanding of the categories of traffic that a railway company wished to attract, from passengers making a single or return journey at the full ordinary fare, through the excursionist, the tourist, the workman and those many others entitled to some form of reduced fare travel, to a dog or article that accompanied a passenger. It includes tickets for omnibus, shipping and ancillary services operated by the companies.

A types collection traces the development of each category of ticket from its introduction throughout the life of the company, showing how and why the print format on the tickets was changed. To this end tickets are collected irrespective of the actual journeys for which they are issued, and no attempt is made to assemble items that represent all the stations on a given company's system. No index to the stations represented in the collection has been compiled but the PDFs are fully searchable and this enables individual stations to be located.

Because of the extensive annotation throughout the collection it is considered to be a unique record of British railway ticket practice from 1830 to 1923. It is the result of sustained research over a 60 year period during which much time has been spent with the RAIL records of the National Archives and of the National Records of Scotland. All known books and other publications dealing specifically with tickets have been read, amongst these specific mention must be made of the Journal of The Transport Ticket Society and its predecessor organisations. All significant company histories have been consulted and notes have been taken from all the principal railway periodicals from the late 19th century onwards.

Most important, however, is the wide range of public and private ticket collections that have been studied and analysed. The major public collections are those in the National Railway Museum York, the National Archives (particularly the Hayward collection) and Birmingham Public Library (the Bett collection). Also significant are holdings of the Bodleian Library Oxford (the John Johnson collection), John Rylands University Library of Manchester (the Edmondson family collection), London Transport Museum, the Tolson Memorial Museum Huddersfield (the Jacomb collection) and the Fritz Hellmuth collection at the Deutsches Technikmuseum in Berlin. Major collections in trust are those of the Great Western Trust (assembled by the late Charles Gordon Stuart and the late Mike Ogden) and of the Midland Railway Society in the Midland Railway Study Centre at The Silk Mill Museum of Making in Derby (the Roy F Burrows collection). Over the years more than 60 private collectors have kindly allowed access to their tickets, many are regrettably no longer with us but I record my appreciation to them all. Between them, these sources have provided a research base of well over a quarter of a million tickets.

## **USING THE PDFs**

The PDFs have been compiled using Nuance but are fully readable and searchable with standard Adobe software. A small glitch is that while reading some volumes a pop-up may appear containing the message "The font 'Courier' contains a bad /BBox". This is due to the sensitivity of the error settings in Adobe reader.

Should this happen simply CLICK OK and carry on as normal.

## PAGE FORMS

## Company introduction pages

These are provided for most of the smaller companies. Each page includes a map together with historical notes drawn from the available sources, primary if possible. When sources differ that considered to be the most reliable is used. Information on station opening and closing dates is taken from *Railway Passenger Stations in Great Britain* – *A Chronology* by Michael Quick (Railway & Canal Historical Society) using the most up-to-date edition at the time of compilation or amendment. This is by far the most reliable source for such data.

## Background information pages

These may be text pages (in a Word document within the volume or as scans) containing background notes designed to assist understanding of the tickets in the volume, and/or scans of relevant documents.

## Conditions of issue (ticket backs) pages

The information printed on the back of a ticket is often essential in placing it in its proper time frame. As appropriate, therefore, and usually at the start of any volume, one or more pages illustrating ticket backs are included, with each particular back being given what is for the railway company concerned a unique reference. As each volume is designed to be self-contained some such pages may be repeated in more than one volume. The references are in the numeric form 'n-xxx' with the 'n' prefix designating ticket categories as follows:

- 1 Ordinary singles (also on some other categories)
- 2 Ordinary returns (also on some other categories)
- 3 Excursion tickets
- 4 Miscellaneous tickets
- 5 Privilege tickets

- 6 Workmen's tickets
- 7 Free passes; shipping tickets
- 8 Dog and article tickets
- 9 Supplementary and non-travel tickets

## Ticket pages

Most pages show edmondson or punch tickets together with commentary thereon. Most tickets in the collection are originals although extensive use is also made of photographs and photocopies. The conditions of issue or other print on the back of a ticket is indicated either in the commentary or below the ticket at the left hand side thereof, in either case using a reference as explained in the above section.

If the date of issue is known then this is noted below an original ticket at the right hand side thereof, or below a copy at the left hand side thereof using the notation <u>dd.mm</u>.yy with the month given in a standard two-letter abbreviated form no matter how the date is shown on the actual ticket. If a ticket is not dated then "Undated" is shown and if the date is not fully legible then the abbreviation 'Illeg' is used.

When a copy ticket is shown any notation at the right hand side is a source reference and can be ignored.

Whole return tickets are very much more difficult to find than singles and the collection therefore makes extensive use of severed halves. When two non-matching halves are placed in contact then care has been taken to ensure that together they illustrate the print layout of a whole ticket even though journey and other details may be inconsistent.

Some pages show paper and large card tickets, including season tickets. Generally speaking these are not annotated and the backs are either illustrated on the same page or on the immediately following page.



The birth of the Cheshire Lines Committee commenced with an agreement between the Manchester Sheffield & Lincolnshire Rly and the Great Northern Rly on 11 June 1862 over the future of the Cheshire Midland Rly, the Stockport & Woodley Junction Rly, the Stockport Timperley & Altrincham Junction Rly and the West Cheshire Rly. The two first mentioned companies agreed to subscribe equally towards the capital of these four lines, and to work the lines; subsequently a joint committee was confirmed by the Great Northern (Cheshire Lines) Act of 13 July 1863. A later agreement added the Garston & Liverpool Rly to the group, and the Cheshire Lines Transfer Act of 5 July 1865 vested the five companies together with the Liverpool Central Station & Railway jointly in the MS&LR and the GNR. The Act also empowered the Midland Rly to become an equal partner, which it did on 18 July 1866. The position of the constituent companies at the time of the Transfer Act was:

1. Cheshire Midland Railway, opened from Altrincham Junction (with the Manchester South Junction & Altrincham Rly) to Knutsford on 12 May 1862 and from Knutsford to Northwich on 1 January 1863.

2. Stockport & Woodley Junction Railway, opened from Stockport (Portwood) to Woodley Junction (with the MS&LR) on 12 January 1863.

3. Garston & Liverpool Railway, opened 1 June 1864 from Garston Junction to Liverpool (Brunswick).

4. West Cheshire Railway, not yet opened, but authorised to build from Northwich to Helsby Junction with branches to Winnington and Winsford.

5. Stockport Timperley & Altrincham Junction Railway, not yet opened, but authorised to build from Stockport (Portwood) to Deansgate Junction and from Skelton (East) Junction to Broadheath Junction.

6. Liverpool Central Station & Railway, not yet opened, but authorised to build from a junction near Brunswick to Liverpool Central station.

Each of the three owning companies was represented by three Directors on the Committee of Management of the Joint system, which achieved full independence of status under the Cheshire Lines Act of 15 August 1867, consolidating the component companies and incorporating them as a separate undertaking with its own common seal.

With three exceptions all other sections of the system were incorporated under MS&LR Acts and transferred to the CLC, or under CLC Acts. The exceptions were the Mouldsworth to Chester line of the Chester & West Cheshire Rly, absorbed by the CLC on 10 August 1866, the Manchester South District Rly line from Chorlton-cum-Hardy Junction to Throstle Nest Junction, transferred to the CLC as from 1 October 1891, and the Aintree to Southport line of the Southport & Cheshire Lines Extension Rly. This company remained a nominally separate undertaking, but it was worked in perpetuity by the CLC from its opening on 1 September 1884.

The CLC retained its separate identity at the grouping, becoming owned 2/3 by the L&NER and 1/3 by the LM&SR. One difficulty is that of distinguishing between late pregrouping and early post-grouping prints. The best indicators that I have noted are given in the following notes, and I have tried to err on the side of excluding a postgrouping print rather than including it.

Those tickets known from the constituent companies appear to have been printed by Edmondson's works. Ticket practice from the date of the Transfer Act to the time that the Midland Rly joined in ownership of the group is not known. The title G.N. M.S.& L.& M. Joint Rys found on early Edmondson proof copies is presumably from the period from 18 July 1866 to 15 August 1867, when the Committee was incorporated in its own right. Edmondson proof copies with the Committee title are most probably from the 1860's and 1870's.

CELESTIAL LINES. FIRST CLASS, GIRVILE T.C.O.P. FROM PURGATORY TO PARADISE MUT TELL PERALIE beerfolies on sack

This Ticket was printed ·by the CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTEE in commemoration of the statting their own TICKET PRINTING OFFICE. PICK of PRINCIPAL AND A Loge Log. Proof:- Stuck by W. H. Legge Log. Printed by Washington Statistic, No. 203.

On 10 February 1886, however, the Committee opened their own ticket printing office at Warrington, as shown by the commemorative ticket shown above. From then onwards the Committee printed the vast majority of their own tickets.



2-320

### CONDITIONS ON C.L.C. EXCURSION & REDUCED FARE TICKETS



TICKETS OF THE CONSTITUENT COMPANIES

Cheshire Midland Railway; these are Edmonson prints.





Stockport & Woodley Junction Railway, also Edmondson prints.



### EARLY JOINT LINE TICKETS

Ticket practice from the date of the Transfer Act to the time that the Midland Rly joined in ownership of the group is not known. Tickets titled with the initials of the three owning companies, mostly Edmondson proof copies, are thought to have been printed during the period from 18 July 1866 to 15 August 1867, the date that the Committee was incorporated in its own right.



#### ORDINARY SINGLES

Probably the first type printed under the auspices of the Joint Committee. The backs are blank.



Conditions added to the back, in form 1-130, with an appropriate notice on the front. Earliest issue date seen:





Availability added. Conditions 1-130 continued. Earliest issue date seen:



Miniature repeat added, and conditions notice changed. Earliest issue date seen:



Conditions 1-130 continued.



R.P. Griffiths in *The Cheshire Lines Railway* indicates that fares were first printed on local tickets from 1 January 1885. To accommodate the fare the bottom line of the ticket was modified to show the indication "SEE BACK". Conditions 1-130 continued.





### ORDINARY SINGLES

The company commenced printing of their own tickets at Warrington on 10 February 1886; this is probably the first local type printed, with three line conditions on the front and blank backs. Both issuing and destination stations are shown in the child snip.



Availability moved to below the conditions. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Child snip changed to show the destination only, and arranged at the centre of a single line including the class and fare. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Change in the spacing of the conditions, the last line now reading "Books & Bills". The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen: 9 June 1890.



Wording of the conditions changed to refer to "Time Tables". The backs are blank. This is the last type in which second class issues may be found, that accommodation having been abolished from 1 January 1892. Earliest issue date seen: 2130 1691





Availability printed in capitals. The backs are blank. Earliest date seen: 9 Apr 1896

00 CHESHIRE LINES COMMUTTEE sand subject to the Regulations & Confi-ms stated in the Co's Time Tables & Bills 0 AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY £5 Warrington Central to (C) A Sta C STOCKPORT Teviet Dale 100 Via Baguley Third Class Stockport Fare 1s 6d

0 00

Fare 6d

Conditions expanded, and title shown in initials only. The format of both local and foreign tickets were the same as from this type, although foreign prints are shown separately later in this volume. The backs are blank. Earliest date seen: 13 oct 1901



Ruler lines omitted, initials of the title slightly smaller and a generally less crisp appearance. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:  $6 \operatorname{May} \operatorname{Lgu}$ 

C.L.C. This bloket is not transforable. Bye-Laws, Regulations and Conditions C.L.C. This ticket is not transferable Bye-Laws, Regulations and Conditions stated in the Committee's Time Tables. AVAILABLE ON PAY OF ISSUE ONLY AVAILABLE OF DAT OF ISSUE ORLI LO Manchester C TO (E) **MANCHESTER** (Central) (E)() STOCKPORT T.D. FLIXTON First Class Stockport Fare 10d Third Class Flixton

A general 50% increase in fares was imposed by Order in Council from 1 January 1917. This was regarded as a temporary measure designed to discourage travel during the war and most railway companies continued to print tickets showing the old rates. Eventually the Government decided that, as from 1 April 1920, every company must show on a ticket the amount actually charged. New tickets then used the designation "Actual Fare". A further fare increase came into operation on 6 August 1920, ordinary fares being increased by 16 % (to 75% above the pre-war level). Tickets printed after that date used the designation "Revised Fare. The backs continued blank.

C.L.C. This licket is not transferable, Bye-Laws, Bernistions and Conditions Available Committees Time Tables. N N ONLY Warrington Ci N Q TO MANCHESTER C. V Third Olass Manchr Actual Fare 1s 11d 234 C.L.C. This ticket is not transferable, Bye-Laws, Regulations and Conditions stated in the Committee's Time Tables.  $\mathbf{m}$ stated in the Committee's Time Tables. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE OFLY Flixton BRANN THE URMSTON Third Olass Uzmston Revised Fare 21d

TO



### ORDINARY SINGLES - LOCAL CHILD TICKETS

Child tickets followed generally the development of ordinary prints. There are insufficient specimens to show the full sequence. The change from a single white band to one at each end of the ticket had occurred by the turn of the century. The backs are blank unless otherwise indicated.

CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTEE. ~71 1 σ Manchester Central 0 00 то BOWDON PEEL CAUSEWAY viaCornbrack Ja& Altrischam (In (CHILD) SECOND CLASS. For conditions of issue see back hereof,

1-130







## ORDINARY SINGLES - LOCAL BLANK CARDS

Early Edmondson proofs, the backs are blank. Only child tickets have been seen but there may well have been similar prints for adults.



Later tickets with 'Local Blank Card' shown below the title.



When the new format with the title in initials came into use the notation 'Local Series' was printed above the class at the foot of the ticket.



Black

### FOREIGN ORDINARY SINGLES

Fares were not shown on foreign tickets from 1 January 1885, only on local prints. The first distinctive foreign type differed from local issues only by the omission of the fare, having the same conditions 1-130. Earliest issue date seen:





The first foreign type from the company's own ticket printing office, opened on 10 February 1886. Conditions 1-230 are on the backs, using the same wording as before but in a different setting. Earliest issue date seen:





Child snip changed to show the destination only, and arranged at the centre of a single line also including the class and the fare. Conditions 1-230 continued. Earliest issue date seen:





The above change took place at about the same time that the fare was added to foreign tickets in order to comply with the Regulation of Railways Act 1889. Transitional tickets with the fare were printed in three styles; one with both stations in the audit snip, one with the destination only and one with the destination and "See back". Second class tickets in the type are possible, but unlikely.



Conditions moved to the front of the ticket, the back being blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Availability shown in capital letters, the backs are blank. When this type came into use tickets to all foreign destinations were on white card for first class and green for third; several examples are shown. By early 1899, however, third class tickets to GNR destinations were on blue card (as used by the GN itself) and tickets to and via the Midland Rly were on yellow and drab card respectively, the standard Midland colours. Earliest issue date seen:

CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTEE This ticket in inneed on condition only that the holder and it be laves the train at any intermediate Mation is and in the laves that train at any intermediate Mation is committee to the Station at main framework as algorize. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY OF OMESHIKE LINES COMENTITES This taket is issued on condition only that the holds berefor shall reveal from and to the Satisfare manuel hereos, and if he leaves the trais at any intermediate Station has been as the hall sentence for the published of the AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY Peel Causeway to (0) Northwich to ALTRINCHAM & Bowdon ALTRINCHAM & Bowdon 10 First Class Alchm & Ban Fare 2s 1d Third Class Alchm & Bdn Fare Id OHRSHIRE LINES COMMITTEE This taket is issued on condition only that the holder ferred shall resel from and to the Stations mands hereous and is not aver the train at any istermediate Station by the full contact of the Station at which is alights. Committee to the Station at which is alights. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY OBESHIRE LINES COMMIT CHERNINE LINES COMMITTEE Thisticket is issued or conditions only that the holder bereof shall travel from and to the Stations names herron; and it be leaves the train at any intermediate Station be shall pay the full ordinary fore (as published by the Committee) to the Station as which heralights. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY Liverpool (Central) to (A) Liverpool Central to 6 PETERBORO' D DONCASTER (G.N.) TA Via Godley & Retford Third Class Peterborc' Fare 128 44d First Class Doncaster Fare 12s 4d OHERHIRE LINES COMMITTEE This tackes is issued on condition only that the belies tereor same trave from and to the Stations shared hereons and a secores the Trans at any intermediate Station he hall pay the full ordinary fare (as published by the committee) to the Station statisches. UHESHIKE LINGE OOMMITIES This teket is toused on condition only that the folder here of shall trend from and to the Stationar stands derive and it he losses the Trun of any intermediate stands of the committee to the Stations as which he alights. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY 0 P T VAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY à 00 Manchester Central to Manchester Central to 1 SPECIM CARDIFF C.W. BRISTOL Via Marple & Deby First Class B tol Fare 21\*1d Via Derty 4 Third Class Fare 14s 1d CHESHIRE LIN COMMITTEE This tiere is insued on co. High only that the holder reformed full investigation and to the distances at the insues the train as any intermodiate Station be all way the full ordinary fare (an published by the manifered to the Station as which is a slipate. anneltised) to the Station a which he alights. Manchester (Central) to LONDON King's Cross (GN) Via Didebury, Godiey & Ame (G) Third Class Ldn Fing's C Fare 155 54d OHESHIKE LINES COMMITTEE The taket is used on condition only that the holder before the set of the set of the set of the set of the and the lasses the set of the set of the set of the committee of the set of the set of the set of the committee of the set of the set of the set of the committee of the set of CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTEE The Maket to reace i an condition only that the holder there of heli trave is considered with the schere of the leaves the train at even stations at use the form of the leaves the train at even stations at use the construction to the Station at which he slight. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE GNEY MANAGEMENT CONTROL to (M) MANAGEMENT C Neo0 IC. Manchester Central to .. A) -BEDFORD Via Marple & Derby Third Class Bedford Fare 11s 4d First Class Ldn(St Pan) Fare 24s 6d

### FOREIGN ORDINARY SINGLES

Conditions expanded, and title shown in initials only. The format of both local and foreign tickets were the same as from this type; these foreign prints are shown separately to illustrate the continuation of the colour scheme. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Ruler lines omitted, initials of title slightly smaller and a generally less crisp appearance. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:





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Actual Fare issues introduced on 1 April 1920. The backs are blank.

Revised Fare issues introduced on 6 August 1920. The backs are blank.







#### FOREIGN ORDINARY SINGLES

Tickets for some journeys, principally to stations south of the River Thames and to stations in the West Country were available for more than one day. Initially the company simply omitted the availability, but this was stated on some later prints. Midland colours were used for tickets via that company from about the turn of the century.

CHESHINE LINES ODEMATTER states is head on condition only that the h shan crown from and to the Statema manual are 5 be invom the Train as any intermolicity flatb one the dill orderate from an oblighted by Manchester Central to SOUTHAMPTON Vin Marple, Berby, theitenham & Andover G third Class Soutparipton Pare 185 This









### FOREIGN ORDINARY SINGLES - FORFEITURE CONDITIONS

Some foreign singles carried conditions including a clause that the ticket would be forfeited if used by any other train or between any other stations than those stated. This type of language was usually used when the fare to an intermediate station was higher than that for the full journey, due to competing routes or other circumstances. With all known CLC tickets an alternative route was possible using wholly or partially the train of a company other than any of the Joint Line's three owners. Tickets are found with or without the availability clause.

ONLY hester Central NEWMARKET (G. First Class Newmarkst Kare 21s 10a





## ORDINARY SINGLES - FOREIGN CHILD TICKETS

The backs are blank unless otherwise indicated.













Early Edmondson proofs, the back are blank.



### FOREIGN ORDINARY SINGLES - BLANK CARDS

It would appear that blank cards were printed for journeys to each of the three constituent companies, using colours as already discussed. Note that the initials of the destination company are included as part of the audit snip.



133(31

CHFSHIRE ENNES COMMITTEE AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY FIRST CLASS MANCHESTER Central to Charles & Delle Via Marple & Delle 88. d u Mchr C M, B.C. 148 See notice on back Dd 1-230 CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTEE HESHIRE LINES COMMITTER AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ONLY THIRD CLASS STOCEPORT (Ter of Dale) to Development (M. R. Via Marpie & Stept by 04 あわ Fare See notice M. B.C. on back C.L.C. Brochaws, and oth mains instruction and conditional committees the states of the the states of the states of the committees the states of the states of the states of the states of the committees the states of the states of the states of the committees the states of the states o and a 30 C.L.C. This ticket is not transformile. Byo-Laws, mad is issued subject to the stated in the committee's Time Tables. AVAILABLE ON DAY OF ISSUE ON IN THIRD CLASS LIVERPOOL Central to (Mid. R.) Wid. R.) Via Marri

FAISCHALLA

Later tickets omitted the destination company's initials.

Ching Cuas



### ORDINARY SINGLES - NON-STANDARD PRINTS

The CLC were at distinct disadvantage over their Liverpool suburban traffic, and indeed on the Southport line generally, due to the need to proceed south-east from Central to Hunts Cross and then to head north-west to Aintree before leaving the suburbs. In order to compete with the L&YR, which proceeded directly north from Exchange station, fares from Liverpool to stations on the Southport line were generally lower than the standard 3rd class rate of 1d per mile. This was particularly the case to suburban stations west of the city centre, where there was also competition from the L&NWR and the tramway companies. Examples are a 3rd class fare of 5d from Central to Knotty Ash (12 miles by rail) and a 1st class fare of 8d to West Derby (13 miles by rail). It is probably these circumstances that led to the use of foreign and forfeiture conditions on some suburban tickets from Central, and to special colours on later prints.









Variations in format. The Revised Fare prints with negative numerals are distinctly odd, the feature is also found on some immediate post-grouping tickets. It suggests emergency supplies from Edmondson or brief use of an Edmondson rather than a Waterlow machine.



### ORDINARY SINGLES - NON-STANDARD PRINTS

Foreign tickets with exclusion notices.



Agency issues.



Non-standard colours for no apparent reason.



Tickets that were misprinted, or on which some significant change occurred, were sometimes recalled by the audit office and re-prints supplied to the station concerned. The practice is known particularly in connection with the GWR and the NLR, where such tickets were distinguished by "RP". The "Re." notation suggests that the CLC may also have distinguished re-printed tickets.

EB. OT JUD	(Re.)	mmittee's Tim	e Tables. Beus ONLT
the second	First Class	Hale	Farmis

Early Edmondson prints.



The company's own ticket printing office opened on 10 February 1886. The first returns were vertically printed, with conditions 2-230 on the backs. There were probably three availabilities; day of issue or following day for journeys not exceeding 12 miles, and 7 days and 1 month for longer distances.



Conditions moved to the front of the ticket, the back being blank. Earliest issue date seen:



"Committee's" abbreviated to Co's" in the conditions. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Wording of the conditions changed to refer to "Time Tables". The backs are blank. This is probably the last type in which second class issued may be found, that accommodation being abolished from 1 January 1892. Earliest issue date seen:



Change to horizontal prints on single colour card and with a skeleton 'R' overprint on the return half. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:





Change to show the Committee title in initials, with the two halves designated as outward and return. While this type was current the format of foreign tickets was made the same as that for local issues, foreign prints are shown later. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



While the last type on the preceding page was current (and probably from about mid-1898 if parent company practice was followed) the 7 day availability was changed to 8 days.

C.L.C. Outward Half. 101 Liverpool S FIRST CLA

Conditions printed across the full width of the ticket, rather than separately on each half. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:



Change in style of the overprinted `R'. The backs are blank. Earliest issue date seen:





While the last type on the preceding page was current tickets with 8 day and 1 month availability were both replaced, possibly from about mid-1904, by ones available for 6 months. This was later reduced to 2 months, probably from 1 September 1918.







Actual Fare issues as printed from 1 April 1920. The backs are blank.



Revised Fare issues as printed from 6 August 1920. The backs are blank.

OLO Outward Half (a, and is issued subject and Conditions stated N MANCHESTER C. Trafford Park T FIRST CI Revised 1 Ues

### FOREIGN ORDINARY RETURNS

The company's own ticket printing office opened on 10 February 1886. The first foreign returns were vertically printed, and in the same format as local issues with conditions 2-230 on the backs. There were probably three availabilities; day of issue or following day for journeys not exceeding 12 miles, and 7 days and 1 month for longer distances.





Fare added to comply with thre Regulation of Railways Act 1889. Conditions 2-230 continued.







#### FOREIGN ORDINARY RETURNS

Change to horizontal prints with a skeleton "R" overprint on the return half. Conditions 2-230 continued.



Change to show the Committee title in initials, with the two halves fully designated as outward and return. Conditions 2-230 continued. Three number of changes probably occurred while this type was current, a change from bi-coloured to single coloured card, the introduction of blue card for third class tickets to GNR stations and of yellow and brown card for first and third class to Midland stations, and an increase of 7 day availability to 8 days. Earliest issue date seen: 2000 to 500



### FOREIGN ORDINARY RETURNS

Conditions moved to the front of the ticket, the backs being blank. The format of both local and foreign tickets were the same as from this type; these foreign prints are shown separately to illustrate the continuation of the destination company colour scheme.

Half

FH



Conditions printed across the full width of the ticket, rather than separately on each half, and the style of the overprinted "R" changed. The backs are blank. While this type was current tickets with 8 day and 1 month availability were replaced by ones available for 6 months, later reduced to 2 months.



is Godley, Re coln & GN &

bit Lett

Actual and Revised Fare tickets. The backs are blank.



Tickets with forfeiture conditions. These appeared on some local tickets for Liverpool suburban traffic and traffic between Liverpool and the Southport line, and possibly on foreign returns when the journey could be undertaken by a competing route. Fuller notes appear in the ordinary singles section.





### ORDINARY RETURNS - BLANK CARDS

A series of local blank cards was used. There may also have been, as with singles, blank cards printed for journeys to each of the three constituent companies, using colours as already discussed.









### ORDINARY RETURNS - CHILD TICKETS

The backs are blank unless otherwise indicated.

















### ORDINARY RETURNS - BLANK CARD CHILD TICKETS

Early Edmondson proofs, the backs are 2-120.





## ORDINARY RETURNS - NON-STANDARD PRINTS

Variations in the serial number. The Revised fare prints with negative numerals are distinctly odd, the feature is also found on some immediately post-grouping tickets. It suggests emergency supplies from Edmondson or brief use of an Edmondson rather than a Waterlow machine.

No attribution can be suggested for the numbers on the earlier tickets.

C.L.C. pertant of SER.23 RevisedFare 7d 9 Tranord Park Manchester MANCHESTER ( TRAFFORD PAR 2 TrailordPark T'ER B. B.



ASHLES Pancras(

Fare 28s 7d

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### ORDINARY RETURNS - NON-STANDARD PRINTS

Other tickets. The backs are blank unless otherwise indicated.



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#### SPECIFIED CARRIER TICKETS

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In 1885 the LNWR put on a weekday service between Manchester (Oxford Road) and Crewe running via the MSJ&A, the CLC to Northwich and finally over LNW metals via Middlewich and Sandbach to Crewe. Passengers for stations beyond Northwich were picked up at all MSJA stations and at Knutsford and Northwich on the CLC. One up train left Manchester in the morning and there were two afternoon down trains from Crewe. Some years later one train each way carried a through carriage for Euston, attached to and detached from main line expresses at Crewe. Knutsford and probably Northwich issued tickets specifying the LNW through train, including ones for second class travel - abolished by the CLC itself in 1892.

CHESHIKE LINES COMMITTEE CHESHIRE LINES COMMITTER. This licks is issues on condition only that the hold recof shall travel from and to the Stations maxed hereon all the issues the Train at any intermediate Station hall pay the full ordinary fare (as published by a committee) to the Station at which he subghts. a travet is served on condition only that the holder A shall travel from and to the Station snamed hereos detenoes the train at any intermediate Station he C 1: 10 7 0 AVAILABLE ON DAY OF I Knutsford ISSUE ONLY Available on day of issue only LC TO Knutsford to 0 EUSTON (LONDON) LONDON (EUSTON) First Class Ldr n (Ldn) Fare 16s 6d Second Chass Et ston) Fare 24s 6d

CHESHIRE LINES COMMIT od on condition om and to the St Train at any in Train at any in LABLE ON DAY OF ISSU Knutsford to KENSINGTON Addison Road) thwich on Fare 14s 3 Third Class L



An odd feature of ticketing for the LNW service was that although through passengers could travel direct in the LNW trains from and to Altrincham and Knutsford some chose not to do so and used CLC trains to and from Northwich. MSJ&A tickets specifying this were issued at Altrincham & Bowdon, as were LNW tickets from Euston, almost certainly Crewe and possibly some other stations. The only explanation that can be offered is that passengers wished to spend time at the important salt and chemicals town of Northwich before continuing their journey.

M. S. J. Z A. R. Issued antipiert to the Co's regulations and to the conditions in the Time Trades of the respective Concern whose Lines this Trades is available Available on day of Issue onto ALTRINCHAM&BOWDON TO	London & North Western Ky LONDON (EUSTON) (W.) TO KNUTSFORD Via Northwis By G.L.C train from II Schwich		
Pare 2/2 VisAltdu&N'wiehCLCTreinty with fr	Third] 1(W)(S) [Class KNUTSFORD TURN OVER) FARE 14/33		

The LNW also operated a service over the five miles between Northwich and Acton Bridge, calling at the intermediate CLC station at Hartford & Greenbank. Tickets between the two CLC stations specified an LNW train if such was to be used.

60	CHESHIRE LINES COMMUTTEE. Issued anbject to the regulations a Condi- tions stated in the Co's Time Tables & Bills. A vallable on day of issue only				
605	HARTFOR	Thwich t			
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OMMITTER OHMSHIRM LIN Issued subject to the h ... ulations & Cond tions stated in the Cost Time Tables & Bills AVAILABLE ON TAY OF ISSUE ONLY 6 JUN. Hartford & Greenbank to (A) Third Olass Northwich Fare 11d



#### SPECIFIED CARRIER TICKETS

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By First Class

Third Class

Both the Great Central and the Great Northern ran fast trains between Manchester Central and Retford via Fallowfield; tickets for these specified which company was to be the carrier.

Beyond Retford the GC services ran to either Gainsborough and Grimsby or to Lincoln, where the GC used running powers into the GN station. Singles to GC destinations (including Lincoln) were respectively white and green for the two classes. GN trains continued up the main line to King's Cross and for destinations on or via this route singles were white and blue respectively irrespective of which company carried the passenger to Retford.

